
I N T R O D U C T I O N

Lodhran Police plays an important role in fighting crime, protecting the lives and properties of people and promoting law and order in the District. The district derives its name from its headquarter town, which was previously Tehsil Headquarter of Multan district. It was created in July, 1991.

HISTORY:

Lodhra family stepped into this District in 1740. Lodhran was honored status of Sub-Division by British Regime in the year 1873. Lodhran was honored status of District in the year 1991 (01.07.1991). Its total area is 2778 Sq. K.M. and total population is 18,29,728 Nos. Besides Lodhra family, Arain, Baloch, Kanju, Joiya, Rajput, Syed, Pathan, Awan and Gujjar Families are also living. Agriculture is main profession of the masses of District Lodhran. Cotton and wheat are major crops of this District.

PHYSICAL FEATURES:

The district consists of plain area with fertile land. It is a part of Indus plain. It has the best cultivated land which is suitable for cotton, wheat and other agricultural crops. Lodhran district lies on the bank Sutliji and Bias Rivers.

RIVERS:

There is only one River Sutliji in the district. It flows along the southern boundary of the district. In ancient times river Bias also flowed here.

WEATHER:

The climate of the district is hot and dry. The summer season starts from April and continues till October. May, June and July are the hottest months. The maximum temperatures for these months are about 42 and 48 degree centigrade respectively. The winter lasts from November to March. December and January are the coldest months, the maximum and minimum temperatures for this about 22 and 8 degree centigrade respectively. Dry, Hot and dusty winds are common during summer.

RAIN FALL:

Mostly rain fall starts during monsoon July to September. During winter season there is very little rain.

BOUNDARIES:

The district, at present, borders with Bahawalpur on the Southern side, with Vehari & Khanewal on the Eastern and on Western and on Northern Side Multan.

IMPORTANT FAIRS OF DISTRICT

1. Annual Urs Noori Lal (RA) PS Galeywal.
2. Annual Urs Pir Jeevan Soltan (RA) PS Dhanote
3. Annual Urs Pir Soltan Ayub Qatal (RA) PS Galeywal

POLICING PLAN 2015-16.

The duty of Police is to maintain Law & Order, Prevention & Detection of Crime, Implementation of Law/Rules and execute orders of the competent authorities. According to Police Order, 2002 police is also responsible to protect life, property and liberty of citizens.

The prevailing suicidal bombings in the country with particulars reference to recent terrorist attacks in various parts of the county on the law enforcing agencies, have created an alarming situation. Therefore, it is high time to evolve a comprehensive strategy not only to prevent such occurrences but also to control crime effectively. Lodhran Police is doing its level best to maintain law and order in the district which is most sensitive with sectarian point of view.

HISTORY AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK UNDER WHICH THE ORGANIZATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.

The system of policing in Mughal India was organized on the basis of land tenure. *Zimindars* were responsible for apprehending disturbers of the public peace and performing other policing duties. At the level of the village these functions were performed by the village headmen. In large town, administration of the police was entrusted to functionaries called Kotwals who discharged the combined duties of law enforcement municipal administration and revenue collection. Patrol officers in the shape of village watchmen or patels in villages and peons, horse patrolmen and such other like men in the towns were present. Violent organized crime was usually dealt with by the military.

The British administration relieved the *Zamindars* of their responsibility for police service and introduced magistrates with *daroghas* and other subordinate officers for police purposes. In *Madras* the system of *daroghas* was abolished by Madras Regulation XI of 1816 and the establishment of the *tehsildars* was employed without distinction in revenue and police duties. A similar system was put in place in Bombay by Bombay Regulation XII of 1827. In Bengal the system of *daroghas* was not abolished due to the absence of the subordinate revenue establishment but their powers were curtailed in 1811 by taking away some of their powers of cognizance.

In Bengal special control was introduced in 1808 by the appointment of a Superintendent or Inspector General for the divisions of Calcutta Dacca and Murshidabad. In 1810 the systems was extended to the divisions of Patna, Bareilly

and Benares. However, with the appointment of Divisional Commissioners the office of the Superintendent was abolished.

The next major change in the organization of police took place in Sindh where Sir Charles Nepier drawing inspiration from the Insh constabulary developed a separate and self contained police organization for the province. The Sindh Model was put into effect in Bombay in 1853 and in 1859 in Madras.

In Punjab, the Police was also organized on the pattern of Sindh but with two main branches, the Military Preventive Police and the Civil Detective Police. As this arrangement was not found to be satisfactory so in 1860 the Government of India urged the government of Punjab to look into the system of policing then prevalent in the Province. However, as the issue was of general importance the central Government appointed a commission to enquire into whole question of policing in British India. The Police Commission of 1860 recommended the abolition of the Military Arm of the Police, the appointment of an Inspector General of Police in the Province and the placement of Police in a district under the District Superintendent. The Commission recommended that only the District Magistrate should exercise and Police functions. Based on the recommendations of the Commission the Government of India submitted a bill which was passed into law as Act V of 1861. The Police Act of 1861 was adopted by all the provinces except Bombay where a District Police Act was adopted in 1890. The Bombay District Police Act continued to remain in force in Sindh till the establishment of the one unit.

The organizational design that followed the Acts survives to this day Police became a subject to be administered by the provinces that were divided into police jurisdictions corresponding with the districts and the division. The police were made exclusively responsible for prevention and detection of crime. In the maintenance of public order they were responsible to the District Magistrate.

The Punjab Police Rules of 1934 documented the police practices as they stood at that time and introduced some new measures for improving administration and operational effectiveness of police. The content of the Rules reveals that the Punjab Police had grown into a thoroughly professional police organization by 1934 and possessed considerable knowledge of the crime and criminals in the province. It had developed effective procedures and practices for dealing with various kinds of criminal activity. The administrative and disciplinary functions were also elaborated. The Rules have served as the model for similar sets of rules in other provinces of Pakistan and are still in force today.

The Punjab Police played a significant part in handling the refugee crisis of 1947-48. It continued as a separate organization till 1955 when it was merged with the police of other provinces to create the West Pakistan Police. There were several attempts to review and reform police organization and performance during the 1950s and 60s which however could not be implemented.

The legal framework of the police underwent a major change as a consequence of Devolution of Power Plan. The Devolution of Power Plan called for the devolution of the authority of the Provincial Government to the Districts and the introduction of Public accountability of police.

In line with the devolution of Power Plan the officer of the District Magistrate was abolished in 2001 and a system of Public Safety Commissions were introduced. These changes were incorporated into a new Police Law which was promulgated in 2002. Apart from Public Safety Commission, the Police Order 2002 also provided for a professional Police Complaints Authority, increased powers for the Inspector General of Police and separation of the watch & ward and the Investigation functions of the Police. Now, with the amendment of Police Order 2002 of 2013, the District Investigation Branch is being established as per law. These amendments will definitely improve the performance of police and played a pivotal role for the provision of justice to the public speedily.

ADMINISTRATIVE SET UP:

District is divided into three circles / sub divisions and 10 Police Stations.

1. Lodhran Sub Division

Police Stations

1. City Lodhran
2. Saddar Lodhran
3. Galeywal
4. Qureshiwala

2. Kehror Pacca Sub Division

Police Stations

1. City Kehror Pacca
2. Saddar Kehror Pacca
3. Dhanote

3. Dunyapur Sub Division

Police Stations

1. City Dunyapur
2. Saddar Dunyapur
3. Jalla Arain

Transportation:

Sr.#	Type of Vehicle	On Road	Off Road	Conduum	Total
1	Car	-	-	-	-
2	Jeep	02	-	-	02
3	Pick Up	48	-	-	48
4	Ambulance	01	-	-	01
5	Reserve Bus	02	-	-	02
6	Prison van	06	-	-	06
7	Truck	01	-	-	01
8	Crane	-	-	-	-
9	Motorcycle	50	-	-	50
Total		110	-	-	110

Communication System:

Communication	Available	Requirement
Base Set	22	01
Mobile Set	91	-
Pocket Set	129	-

Arms:

Sr. No.	Arms Nomenclature	Sanctioned	Present Stock	Deficiency/ Requirements
1.	Rifle 303 Bore Mark-5	-	-	-
2.	Rifle 303 Bore Mark-4	-	-	-
3.	Rifle 22 Bore	05	05	-
4.	Rifle Musket 410 bore	62	62	-
5.	Rifle Semi Automatic 7.62	37	37	-
6.	Rifle G-3	175	175	25
7.	Rifle 9-mm	67	67	33
8.	Rifle LMG	03	03	02
9.	Revolver 38 bore special	61	61	20
10.	Revolver 455 bore	14	14	-

11.	Brain Gun 303 bore	-	-	-
12.	Rifle SMG 7.62	286	286	30
13.	Gun 12 Bore	76	76	24
14.	Launcher/Grenade Gun	20	20	-
15.	Pistol Berretta	90	90	10

Ammunition:

Sr. No.	Arms Nomenclature	Sanctioned	Present Stock	Deficiency/ Requirements
1.	Bullets 22 bore	-	-	5000
2.	Bullets Musket 410 bore	-	-	-
3.	Bullets Semi Automatic 7.62	-	-	-
4.	Bullets LMG	4453	4453	5000
5.	Bullets G-3	7783	7783	30000
6.	Bullets 38 bore Special	7651	7651	5000
7.	Bullets 455 bore	1572	1572	-
8.	Bullets 9-mm	23682	23282	20000
9.	Grenade Launcher 40mm/HE	50	50	100
10.	Cartridges 12 bore	2574	2574	2000
11.	SMG	48626	48626	20000

Budget for the Financial Year 2015-16:

Sr. No.	Name of Head	Budget Allotted	Expenditures	Balance
1.	Establishment Charges	313468400	181957157	131511243
2.	Operating Expenditures	36035000	26538505	94966495
	Grand Total	349503400	208495662	141007738

SEPARATION OF INVESTIGATION AND WATCH WARD

In compliance with the Punjab Police Orders 2002 (Amendment Ordinance 2013), the District Investigation Branch has been established under section 18 as per law.

Transport/equipment relating to investigation shall be provided to the District Investigation Branch.

TRANSPORT REQUIREMENT FOR DISTRICT INVESTIGATION BRANCH

Sr. No.	Type of Vehicle	Requirement
1	Pick up	20
2	Jeep	03

3	Bus	02
4	Truck	02
5	Motorcycle	50
6	Prison Van	04
7	Ambulance	02
8	Crane	01
Total		84

LEGAL BRANCH

Legal branch is serving under the control of DSP/Legal. There is acute shortage of Inspectors (Legal). There is a sanctioned strength of 06 Inspectors (Legal) but none is posted.

- **GOALS/TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED.**
 - **OPERATIONAL TARGETS AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TO ACHIEVE THESE GOALS/TARGETS.**
 - Maintenance of public order
 - Drive against criminals
 - Combating terrorism
 - Security of key installations
 - Security of Educational Institutions
 - Security of Foreigners especially working on projects
 - Security of VIP/ VVIP
 - Sectarian Terrorism
 - Free registration of cases
 - Fair and speedy investigation
 - Prevention of crime
 - Contingency plan for meeting emergencies and Annual events like Moharram, Eid-ul-Fitr, Eid-ul-Azha, Eid Milad-un-Nabi (PHUH) etc.
 - **ADMINISTRATIVE TARGETS AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TO ACHIEVE THESE GOALS/TARGETS.**
 - Improvement of police image (thana culture)
 - Introduction of community policing
 - Redressal of public complaints

- Monitoring and vigilance.
 - Improving discipline and accountability
 - Merit based recruitment
 - Raising training standards
 - Welfare of the force and projects being implemented
 - Computerization of the policing system
 - Financial Resources
 - Transport
 - Modern Technology/ Equipments
 - Arms/ Ammunition.
- **MECHANISM TO BE ADOPTED FOR ACHIEVING TARGETS.**
 - **OPERATIONAL MECHANISM**
 - **Maintain Public order:**
 - i. Efficient Handling of Political and Religious Events.
 - ii. Prevention and detection of crime by effective patrolling.
 - iii. Accessibility and redressal of public grievances.

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
Collection, analysis and sharing of information with other sister intelligence agencies on political and religious issues.	Better preparedness on the part of security branch and all SDPOs/SHOs.	All SDPOs All SHOs Incharge Security Branch

iv. **Coordination with Stake Holders.**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
Liaison with religious, labour, student leaders, business community and advocates. Coordination with Mohalla/ Village Committees, notables, elected representatives, citizens, elective representatives, community police councils and CPLC.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improved public order. • Resolution of Issue and conflict prevailing in the society. 	All SDPOs All SHOs Incharge Security Branch DSP/Legal

v. Strengthening Anti-Riot Capability

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
Strengthening of anti riot capability in police stations and police lines as well as at sub-divisional level.	Availability of Anti-Riot item at Police Lines, Police Stations and with a reserve of sub-divisional level.	DSP/Headquarter, RI/L.O All SDPOs All SHOs

• Drive against Criminals:

In order to control crime especially violent crime the following steps would be taken:

- To enhance efficiency of police in performance of its core functions of crime management and public order maintenance.
- To ensure quality investigations and effective prosecution.
- To devise effective security and intelligence measures to counter terrorism.
- To adopt proactive approach to improve service delivery and create a people friendly environment through community policing.

Therefore, following strategy shall be followed:

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<u>Reduce Violent Crime:</u> Murder/Attempted Murder, Hurt, Rape, Dacoities & Robberies and Street Crime.	i. To keep a close liaison with the respectable and elected representatives of the public and associate them in crime prevention and conflict resolution. ii. Collection of useful information through members of Mohallah/Village committees regarding activities of suspected persons in the area and follow up action.	All SDPOs, DSP/Legal, All SHOs, Incharge Security Branch CRO

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">iii. Efforts will be made for reconciliation in cases of long standing enmities.iv. Initiation of proceeding u/s 88 Cr.P.C. against the POs and u/s 514 Cr.P.C. against the sureties of the CAs.v. Opening of sureties registers at every Police Station.vi. Follow up of cases in courts till conviction.vii. Strict punishments for faulty investigation.viii. Reactivation of Detective foot constable and chowkidara system and collection of information regarding the activities of criminals visiting their villages.ix. To implement neighborhood watch programme in the cities.x. To prepare the list of persons rented buildings with the help of owners, estate dealers and elected representatives to locate the criminals and persons of suspected characters.xi. All the incharges of Bus/Wagon Stands will be asked not to load	
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	<p>any passenger on the way without his proper search.</p> <p>xii. Coordination with the police of other districts through holding of monthly inter-district meetings and joint raids.</p> <p>xiii. In Hadood cases action will be initiated on false accusations under PPC and Qazaf Ordinance.</p> <p>xiv. In Hadood cases DNA Test will be conducted especially in controversial cases.</p> <p>xv. Non-Proliferation of arms.</p> <p>xvi. Crime free nights through general hold up.</p> <p>xvii. Monitoring of activities through video filming of important bazaars and AC Buses plying on road.</p> <p>xviii. Installation of CCTV cameras at main chowks in Urban areas.</p> <p>xix. Strict implementation of Shops & Security Establishment Ordinance.</p> <p>xx. Encouragement of private security guards and their regulation after due verification.</p>	
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	<p>xxi. Availability of mobile lab equipped with modern scientific devices and experts to visit every scene of crime.</p> <p>xxii. All the SDPOs and SHOs will be directed to motivate the public through lumberdars, notables and elected representatives for the "Theekri Pehra" in the villages to check theft, burglaries and violent crime against property.</p>	
<p><u>Reduce Cattle Theft</u></p>	<p>i. Meetings will be held to educate people regarding security of cattle heads.</p> <p>ii. Free registration of cases through announcement in the villages/rural areas.</p> <p>iii. Encouragement of complainants for immediate reporting of crime.</p> <p>iv. Strict action against persons involved in Bhunga Murkhai and Billa.</p> <p>v. Campaign against Rassageers and Harbourers of cattle lifters.</p> <p>vi. Campaign will be launched for engraving numbers of safety marks of cattle heads.</p> <p>vii. Reorganization of</p>	<p>All SDPOs, DSP/Legal, All SHOs, CRO</p>

	<p>Rahdari pass system and entry in the register kept at entry and exit points.</p> <p>viii. Interrogation of the cattle lifter confined in jail to get information regarding their accomplices.</p> <p>ix. Preparation of list of cattle mandies along with date and timing for the screening of cattle lifters and stolen cattle heads at "Mandies" through CRO.</p> <p>x. Holding of regular inter district meetings for sharing information against the culprits.</p> <p>xi. Encouragement of foot trackers and owners of trained dog centers.</p> <p>xii. 100% safety marks on cattle heads.</p> <p>xiii. Updating history sheets and albums of cattle lifters.</p> <p>xiv. Reinvigoration of "Thikri Pehra" in villages and chowkidara system in city areas.</p>	
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In addition to above, following are the Targets to reduce Organized Crime as well as auto snatching/theft visibly and for this purpose the following steps shall be taken.

- i. A comprehensive Patrolling Plan to the level of Sub-Division has been chalked out in the District to provide visible police presence in all the Sub-Divisions of the District. Strict implementation on this

patrolling plan shall be made as per directions to control crime. Two mobile vehicles and motorcycle squads have been allocated to each PS for round the clock patrolling. PS Wise breakup of the motorcycle squads is as under:

Police Station	Mobile Vehicles	Muhafiz Motorcycle Squads
City Lodhran	03	05
Saddar Lodhran	02	04
Qureshiwala	02	04
Galeywal	02	04
City Kehror Pacca	03	06
Saddar Kehror Pacca	02	04
Dhanote	02	08
City Dunyapur	02	07
Saddar Dunyapur	03	06
Jalla Arain	02	05

A mobile vehicle has been allocated in each Sub-Division (Lodhran, Kehror Pacca and Dunyapur) for the monitoring and vigilance of these mobile vehicles and motorcycle squads.

- ii. Intensive patrolling on the Highways by Punjab Highway Patrol.
- iii. Minimizing response time to calls received at Rescue 15. These calls will be analyzed by the Feed Back Cell at the Digital Command & Control Room of DPO Office through a customized software.
- iv. Random checking of 1/1 and 2/2 hours on link roads and canal banks will be carried out to check auto snatching.
- v. Strict checking of vehicles at the (9) check posts of entry / exit points of the district.
- vi. Frequent general hold-ups to check the vehicles having fictitious number plates or without number plates with the assistance of Excise Department.
- vii. Busting of Gangs involved in crime against property on priority bases.
- viii. List of stolen vehicles/motorcycles will be prepared and provided to I/Os, officials deployed at Naka near Bus/Wagon Stand officials of patrolling post and traffic staff for the effective checking of suspected vehicles.

- ix. Sand blasting of registration number on front and back screen on the vehicles with official approval.
- x. Orientation courses for the I.Os for the identification of kind and model of vehicles will be held.
- xi. Use of mobile phone through special SIM for immediate free verification of excise ownership record of vehicles.

• **EFFICIENT TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<p><u>Reduce fatal traffic accidents:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inculcate sense of district identity amongst traffic police officers. • Promote Traffic Education/ Traffic Law Awareness. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Regular briefing & Training sessions by supervisory officers to bring attitudinal change amongst traffic officers/officials. ii. Road Shows, visit to educational institutions and bus stands. iii. Meetings with Transporters & Drivers of vehicles. iv. Utilization of Electronic/print media v. Checking of speed limits on the highways and other traffic violations. vi. Fixations of Reflectors on the vehicles especially slow moving ones to avert accidents at night and during foggy hours. vii. Condition of vehicles will be checked with the coordination of motor vehicle examiner to discourage fragile, old and risky vehicles. 	DSP/Traffic

• **CAMPAIGN AGAINST RELIGIOUS INTOLERANCE AND EXTREMISM:**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain an 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Strict vigilance of persons on 	All SDPOs, All SHOs,

<p>effective response capability against terrorist attacks, religious activists, fanatics and proscribed organizations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Better detection of ATA cases. • Pro-Active Policing against organized crime. 	<p>4th Schedule, ATBs, RAPs, LMEs, Proscribed Organizations, Religious Leaders and Madaris of the district.</p> <p>ii. Close coordination with sister intelligence agencies.</p> <p>iii. Identification of conflicts between religious groups.</p> <p>iv. Action against misuse of loudspeakers, publication and distribution of hatred material and chanda collection.</p> <p>v. Action against Khateeb's fanning religious hatred.</p> <p>vi. Effective monitoring of sectarian cases pending in the courts and protection of witnesses of these cases.</p> <p>vii. Reactivation of chowkidara system to collect information regarding the activities of criminals residing and visiting their villages.</p> <p>viii. Reactivation of Zail Officers/DFCs at Union Council level.</p> <p>ix. Holding of regular meetings by the SDPOs/SHOs with the members of Mohallah/Village Committees for collection of effective intelligence.</p>	<p>Incharge Security</p> <p>Incharge Joint Task Team</p>
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RECOVERY OF ILLICIT WEAPONS:

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action against persons having illicit arms to reduce organized 	<p>i. Criminal pockets will be identified and planned raids will be conducted for the recovery of illicit arms to make the society arms-free.</p>	<p>All SDPOs, All SHOs, Incharge Security</p>

crime	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ii. Collection of information regarding persons who indulge in trafficking of illicit arms. iii. All out efforts will be made for the recovery of illicit arms in collaboration with intelligence agencies and public representatives. 	
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• **RECOVERY OF NARCOTICS:**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action against narcotics peddlers and drug trafficking. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Narcotics dens and storage points will be identified and planned raids will be conducted for the recovery of drugs. ii. Collection of information regarding persons who indulge in trafficking of narcotics. iii. Awareness in the public will be created against this menace to put social pressure on the drug users and trafficking. iv. The entry and exit points of the district will be plugged to check the trafficking of drugs. v. Preparation of list of drug users with the help of Excise and Health Department. iv. Proper investigation of narcotics cases will be carried out to dig out the source. 	All SDPOs, All SHOs, Incharge Security
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Daily monitoring of Raids on Pos/CAs through android technology. 	<p>Computerized record of all Pos/CAs/TOs.</p> <p>Online Monitoring of daily Raids.</p> <p>Longitude and latitude of the residence of the arrest-able POs/Cos/TOs are being conducted through android phones to ensure actual raid.</p>	

• **ARREST OF POS/CAS**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
Arrest of POs/CAs to reduce incidence of organized crime and heinous crime through Preventive policing.	i. Special efforts will be made to arrest the fugitives of law and to keep the total numbers of POs/CAs at possible lower ebb. ii. Categorization of Category-A POs i.e. Top-10 & Top-20 at District, Circle and PS level. iii. Vigorous campaign will be launched for the arrest of POs/CAs/MDs and targets will be given to the SHOs and SIs/ASIs for the arrest of POs. iv. Incentives will be given to police officers for the arrest of hardened criminals and POs of Category "A". v. Intelligence collection regarding the POs/CAs will be ensured with the help of elected representatives, lumberdars, notables of the locality, police intelligence and other intelligence agencies. vi. Action against sureties and Proceedings u/s 88 Cr.PC – Effective Monitoring through DSP/Legal. vii. Regular updating of Register No.4 of all the Police Stations on monthly basis.	All SDPOs, All SHOs, DSP/Legal

• **SECURITY OF KEY INSTALLATIONS AND FOREIGNERS.**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
• Improving police Security arrangements at key installations/go vt. offices.	i. Security against sabotage of all key installations categorized as A and B by the Special Branch. ii. Security of government functionaries and buildings against suicide attacks and	All SDPOs, All SHOs, Incharge Security

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security of Educational Institutions • Preparation of standard Security Plans for each installation/offices. 	<p>bomb blasts.</p> <p>iii. Security of all foreigners, including Chinese nationals, involved in development projects in the province.</p> <p>iv. Security according to Blue Book for all visiting dignitaries, VIPs and diplomats etc.</p> <p>v. Coordination on security matters by CCPOs/RPOs & DPOs with Corps, Armed Forces and Intelligence Agencies.</p> <p>vi. Capacity building of private security guards</p> <p>vii. Ufone panic SIM has been distributed to all Vital installations.</p> <p>viii. Establishment of vantage points.</p> <p>ix. Establishment of district foreign security cell.</p>	
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• **FREE REGISTRATION OF CASES.**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prompt registration of cognizable cases • Proper documentation of non cognizable disputes and referrals • Departmental action against officers not registering serious cases where information seems to be credible 	<p>i. All criminal cases, particularly against property, will be registered freely and promptly.</p> <p>ii. The cases would preferably be registered on written statements to be signed by the complainants.</p> <p>iii. Reporting Rooms in all police stations in Lodhran to be upgraded with the help of Access to Justice Programme.</p> <p>iv. All the SDPOs and SHOs will specially focus on prompt and helpful response to victims.</p> <p>v. Non-Cognizable issues will be referred to the CPLC and CPC for early disposal and to</p>	<p>All SDPOs, All SHOs, Reader DPO</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resolution of non-cognizable issues through CPLC and CPC. • To adopt proactive approach to improve service delivery and create a people friendly environment. • Complaint management soft wear 	<p>minimize the burden of police.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> x. Strict departmental action would be taken against those police officials found guilty in burking and minimizing the offences. xi. Introducing the new online complaint management system for timely public grievance. xii. Complaint management soft wear has been launched which is in working position. 	
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• **FAIR AND SPEEDY INVESTIGATION:**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improvement in quality of Investigations and detection of crime. • Display personal Mobile No. of DPO for any complaint at PS and Public Places. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Establishment of District Investigation Branch as per amendment in Police Order 2002 (2013) ii. Fair and prompt investigations through Investigation Staff. iii. Investigation of Special Report cases will be accorded the highest priority. iv. Weekly meetings with the IOs by the Supervisory Officers. v. Interim/incomplete challan will be submitted before trial courts within two weeks. xiii.SP/DSP Investigation will be personally responsible to monitor the investigation of all the cases as required under article 18(4) of Police Order 2002. xiv.Introduction of scientific investigation methods 	<p>District Head of Investigation .</p> <p>DSsP/Inv.</p> <p>All SDPOs,</p> <p>All SHOs,</p> <p>DSP/Legal.</p>

	<p>xv. Training of police officers in investigation techniques – Refresher Courses in District Police Lines.</p> <p>xvi. Enhancing capacity for collection of data relating to stolen/snatched mobile phones</p> <p>xvii. Effective utilization of investigation cost funds</p> <p>xviii. Deputing dedicated staff to conduct high profile/organized crime exclusively</p> <p>xix. Implementation of Police Order 2002</p> <p>xx. Departmental action against police officers found guilty of tampering with evidence and violating other investigation procedures.</p> <p>xxi.</p>	
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• **PREVENTION OF CRIME:**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To adopt proactive approach to improve service delivery and create a people friendly environment. • Provide visible police presence where necessary • Minimizing response time to calls to Rescue-15 	<p>i. Intensive patrolling on the Highways by Punjab Highway Patrol and the local police will be carried out.</p> <p>ii. Random checking of 1/1 and 2/2 hours on link roads and canal banks will be carried out to check auto snatching.</p> <p>iii. Strict checking of vehicles at entry / exit points of the district.</p> <p>iv. Patrolling through Muhafiz motorcycle squads at Sub-Divisional level.</p> <p>v. Frequent general hold-ups to check the vehicles having fictitious number plates or without number plates with the assistance of Excise</p>	<p>All SDPOs, All SHOs, Reader DPO</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preventive action taken U/S 54, 107, 109, 110 Cr P C and U/S 3-MPO • Implementation of Punjab Shops and Establishment Security Act. • Use of Mobile Phone for free speedy vehicle verification, excise ownership and stolen record of vehicles. 	<p>Department.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> vi. Gangs involved in crime against property will be smashed on priority bases. vii. List of stolen vehicles/motorcycles will be prepared and provided to the I.Os, officials deployed at Naka near Bus/Wagon stand, officials of patrolling post and traffic staff for the effective checking of suspected vehicles. viii. Sand blasting of registration number on front and back screen on the vehicles with official approval. ix. Orientation courses for the I.Os for the identification of kind and model of vehicles will be held. x. Thikir Pehra would be arranged in all the villages to control theft / burglary. xi. Effective preventives action would be initiated against the parties to control crime against persons. xii. Action against the violation of Punjab Shops and Establishment Security Act – Deployment of Guards, Installation of CCTV Cameras etc. xiii. Enquiry regular workings of police officers with complaints of heinous cases till the finalization of challan or the case may be. 	
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• **CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR MEETINGS EMERGENCIES AND ANNUAL EVENTS LIKE MOHARRAM.**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fool proof security arrangements during Holy events and other events of importance. • Visit of Madrassas of various sects to promote harmony. 	In order to ensure peaceful passage of important events like Moharram-ul-Harram, Eid-ul-Fitr and to meet other emergencies SOPs/contingency plan are prepared and got implemented through the field staff.	Incharge Security Branch All SDPOs All SHOs

• **Administrative steps inter-alia improvement of police image, thana culture, community policing, redress of public complaints, monitoring and vigilance.**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public SMS system Mosque Katchri. • To promote closer interaction between the police and the community and reduce trust deficit, • To enlist community's support in crime prevention, reducing 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Regular meetings with Citizen Police Liaison Committee and Community Police Councils of Lodhran, Kehror Pacca and Dunyapur. Establishment of Model Police Stations to restore the public confidence on police. Establishment of Reporting Rooms at the police stations. Improvement in the performance of Duty Officers at the Police Stations. Presence of SHOs at Police Stations at specified hours to address the problems of public. Resolution of petty nature disputes through Community 	DSP/Legal All SDPOs All SHOs Convener CPLC & Chairman of CPC(s)

<p>organised crime and maintenance of law & order</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To incorporate citizens priorities in policing plans and strategies, To reshape the organizational culture from authoritarian to service oriented through community policing initiatives 	<p>Police Councils (Masalihati Committees).</p> <p>vii. Establishment of crime control committees at Police Station Level.</p> <p>viii. Discouragement of torture and illegal detention.</p> <p>ix. Discouragement of repeat victimization.</p> <p>x. Selection of police personnels before deployment of duty at Nakabandi and proper briefing to them.</p> <p>xi. Attitudinal change by way of courteous attitude with the general public at police stations.</p> <p>xii. Improving the behaviour of police officers through Refresher courses and lectures by the scholars, ulemas and dignitaries.</p> <p>xiii. Automation of 15 Emergency system.</p> <p>xiv. Security checking through androids phones, Geotagging, trackers in vehicles.</p> <p>xv. FIR management soft wear, complaint management soft wear and human resource soft wear.</p>	
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- Computerization:**

Activities	Monitoring indicators	Action by
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased use of modern technologies for better efficiency, and service delivery 	<p>i. Automation of police station and office records by providing computers at every police station.</p> <p>ii. Computer training to all the Moharrirs, Naib Moharris of police station.</p>	<p>Incharge Security Branch</p> <p>All SDPOs</p> <p>All SHOs</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automation of records and other technologies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> iii. Computerization of CRO record. 	
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- **Improving Discipline Accountability.**

To maintain a check and balance system over the performance/working of police officers/officials, punishments i.e. dismissal from service, compulsory retirement, reduction in rank, stoppage of increment etc. will be awarded to the delinquents keeping in view gravity of their misconducts.

- **Merit Based Recruitment.**

All the recruitment will be made purely on merits in order to encourage the qualified persons.

- **Raising Training Standards.**

Short smart courses will be arranged regularly in the police lines regarding weapon handling, field craft, drill investigation and firing thus raising standards of Police performance.

- **WELFARE OF THE FORCE**

- **Educational Facilities.**

The children of Police officials are suffering great educational problems. There should be a police High School at district level at least.

- **Health/Medical Facilities.**

The good health and physical fitness are very important for better working. A police hospital at district headquarter is the need of the day. Police officials during duty suffer some time great problems for their treatment. Qualified staff should be appointed in the hospital and the doctors should visit at police station level for better health of the personals.

- **Current Problems.**

1. Hepatitis
2. Water supply

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3. Sleeping bags
 4. Generator
 5. Rest House
 6. Barber Shop

REMEDIAL MEASURES:

Keeping in view the present scenario of terrorism identified through source reports of various activists of Jehadi Organizations, the following security measures are made:-

1. Government buildings like Police Stations, Courts, Offices, Banks and Railway Stations etc. have been provided with proper security.
2. Sensitive installations like Bridges, Micro Towers and Grid Stations are also not left free.
3. Installations of CCTV Cameras at important buildings, shopping Plazas, important Bazaars and Chowks etc.
4. Erection of Nakas at all sensitive points.
5. Deployment special duties during Majalis, Mehfil-e-Naat and on other religious gatherings.
6. Holding of meetings with Ulema-e-Karam of all sects.
7. Network of activists is being watched in a scientific way so that they could not succeed in their nefarious designs.
8. Close liaison is being observed with all intelligence agencies. They are provided with suitable security cover. They are not only provided police contingent as and when required but constant patrolling is being conducted near and around their offices also.
9. Proper security cover is ensured during the movement of VVIPs/VIPs.
10. Maintenance of record of rented building through mass cooperation/Mohallah/Village Committees.
11. Checking of Sarais/Hotels and monitoring of activists of the persons staying therein.
12. All the ATBs, RAPs, LMEs would be identified and their activities monitored closely and activists and their associates brought on 4th Schedule. Formation of JTT at P.S. level.
13. Fund generating elements would also be identified and dealt accordingly.

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14. Objectionable speeches, hatred material are the root cause of the sectarian conflict. Stern legal action would be taken against those involved in these activities without discrimination and in uniformity.
 15. Activists involved in sabotage and sectarian activities would be treated through psychiatrist at the time of their arrest. Likewise other elements that have sympathies for them also required to be treated psychologically.
 16. Close coordination meeting of intelligence agencies with police are inevitable to discuss the network and their activists in different areas.
 17. Devise strategy to discourage the unhealthy competition amongst the intelligence agencies which ultimately give advantage to the terrorists.
 18. The Madaris in which extremism is being taught, would be identified immediately and sources planned discretely to keep close eye on their activities.
 19. Checking of illegal sale of SIMs and legal action under the provisions of security & Shops and Establishments act 1997 PTA 1996.
 20. Crackdown against Chanda collection by the proscribed organization and detaining the activists of banned Jehadi Organizations under 3 MPO.

In the end, we express our determination to set a high standard of Policing by better performance. District Police Lodhran is fully aware of its duties and responsibilities. To maintain public Law & Order and to provide security to residents of District Lodhran against terrorists and criminals is our mission. We are also determined to achieve our objective according to priorities. Earnest and sustained efforts will be made to achieve our targets and address our priorities to attain our core objectives with a missionary zeal to come up to the expectations of the people. We are ready to serve the public at any cost. In the end we beseech the almighty that he may succeeded us in our noble aim and guide us in right direction.

(AA MEEN)

(ASAD SARFRAZ KHAN)

PSP

District Police Officer,
Lodhran.

Budget for the Financial Year 2014-15:

Sr. No.	Name of Head	Budget Allotted	Expenditures	Balance
1.	Establishment Charges	345855180	345218973	636207
2.	Operating Expenditures	78641133	78637675	3458
	Grand Total	424496313	423856648	639665

Budget for the Financial Year 2015-16:

Sr. No.	Name of Head	Budget Allotted	Expenditures	Balance
1.	Establishment Charges	313468400	181957157	131511243
2.	Operating Expenditures	36035000	26538505	94966495
	Grand Total	349503400	208495662	141007738

The following steps have been taken as a sectoral plan to reform and improve the output of the Department :-

- Maintenance of public order
- Drive against criminals
- Combating terrorism
- Security of key installation or foreigners
- Free registration of cases
- Fair and speedy investigation
- Prevention of crime
- Contingency plan for meeting emergencies and Annual events like Moharram.
- Improvement of police image (thana culture)
- Introduction of community policing
- Redressal of public complaints
- Monitoring and vigilance.
- Improving discipline and accountability
- Merit based recruitment
- Raising training standards
- Welfare of the force and projects being implemented
- Computerization of the policing system
- Financial discipline
- Qualitative investigations and effective prosecution
- Effective security and intelligence measures to counter terrorism

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- Proactive approach to improve service delivery and create a people friendly environment through community policing